

Kapitel 12 Aufgabensammlung

12.7 Differentialrechnung (1 Veränderliche)

7.32 Mit Hilfe der Regeln von de l'Hospital bestimme man folgende Grenzwerte: 12/7/33/1

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| <p>(a) $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 0 \\ x > 0}} (\sin x)^x,$</p> <p>(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - a^{-x}}{1 - x - \log_a(a - x)},$</p> <p>(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}},$</p> | <p>(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (1 - \sin x) \cdot \tan x,$</p> <p>(e) $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow a \\ x < a}} \frac{\arcsin \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - x^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} \quad (a > 0),$</p> <p>(f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x)^{\tan x}.$</p> |
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Lösungshinweis zu Aufgabe 7.32 (a) $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow x \\ x > 0}} (\sin x)^x = e^0 = 1.$ 12/7/33/2

- (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - a^{-x}}{1 - x - \log_a(a - x)} = \frac{2a \cdot (\ln a)^2}{1 - a \cdot \ln a} \quad (\ln a \neq \frac{1}{a}).$
- (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e^{\frac{1}{2}(\ln a + \ln b)} = \sqrt{a \cdot b}.$
- (d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (1 - \sin x) \cdot \tan x = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = 0.$
- (e) $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow a \\ x < a}} \frac{\arcsin \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - x^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}.$
- (f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x)^{\tan x} = e^0 = 1.$